APPENDIX.

No.	Present scale			No.	Sanctioned scale				
	Designation	Pay	Average cost		Designation	Pay	Average cost	Increase	Decrease
		Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Superintendent, Government Press, Bangalore	650—30—800	750	1	Superintendent, Government Press, Bangalore.	650—30—800	750	...	...
2	Sub-Assistant Superintendent.	150—10—200	183⅓	2	Two Sub-Assistant Superintendents, Government Press, Bangalore.	150—10—250 each.	422 2/9	238 8/9	...
3	Chief Foreman, Government Press.	100—10—150	137½	3	.....	...	...	...	—137½
	Total ...	...	1,070⅚		Total ... Net increase of Rs. 101 7/18 per mensem or Rs. 1,216-10 8 per annum.	...	1,172 2/9	+288⅓	—137½

Additions and alterations to the list of Abbreviated Addresses.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

No. 3798-3840—P. P. 34-28-14, DATED 20TH - 23RD FEBRUARY 1929.

The following will be added to the list of abbreviated telegraphic addresses issued with Official Memorandum No. 4848-98 P. P. 40-27-12, dated the 14th March 1928:—

Serial No.	Name of officer or office	Abbreviated address	Locality or localities at which registered
134	The Assistant Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department.	Cividi. ..	Mysore, Tumkur, Shimoga and Bangalore.

2. The abbreviated address of the Deputy Director of Agriculture (*vide* Serial Number 56) which is at present registered at Bangalore will be registered at Shimoga.

3. The abbreviated address of the Assistant Director of Agriculture *vide* Serial Number 113) which is at present registered at Shimoga will be registered at Mysore, Tumkur and Bangalore also.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
General Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT.

Resumption of Inams of Defunct Muzrai Institutions and grant of the same to deserving Institutions.

READ—

Correspondence ending with D. O. letter No. 105 of 1928-29, dated 2nd January 1929, from the Muzrai Commissioner in Mysore, reporting on the subject of resumption of grants of defunct Muzrai Institutions.

ORDER NO. 1769-72—MUZ. 49-28-2, DATED 1ST MARCH 1929.

Instances have been repeatedly brought to the notice of Government in which institutions to which land or cash grants are allowed by Government have ceased to exist and yet their grants are being enjoyed by persons who have no right to them. Cases have also come to notice in which institutions to which land grants are allowed

are in existence, but their Devadaya Inam lands have been alienated and are in the enjoyment of persons who render no service to the institutions concerned. There has been no systematic enquiry into cases of this kind for the resumption or restoration of grants, the unauthorised enjoyment or alienation of which is established. In view of these facts Government have decided to arrange for an exhaustive investigation into all instances of this nature in all the Taluks.

2. In Taluks, in which the number of cases for enquiry is large, a special agency will be employed for the period necessary and its cost will be met from the General Muzrai Fund and in other Taluks the work will be required to be done by the respective Amildars. The Muzrai Commissioner's recommendation for the appointment of an Officer of the status of an Amildar for a period of three months for conducting this investigation in the Taluks of Tirthahalli and Shimoga is approved, and he is requested to submit proposals regarding the Officer to be employed on this work, the staff required for him and the cost for which provision should be made in the Budget of the General Muzrai Fund. He is also requested to report in what other Taluks there is need for this special arrangement and to issue instructions for prompt attention to this work by the respective Amildars in other Taluks where the work is not expected to be heavy. Quarterly reports of the progress of the work should be submitted to Government on the 15th of April, July, October and January.

3. An Inam grant, cash or land, to a religious or charitable institution can be continued to it only so long as the conditions of the grant are duly fulfilled. When an Institution entitled to an Inam grant ceases to exist and the circumstances of the case are such that the resuscitation of the Institution is not necessary, possible or desirable, the Inam allowed to it, should be resumed for failure of service. If the policy of resumption is continued to be enforced in the future as it has been in the past, most of the Inam grants will disappear as, in the natural order of things and in the course of long periods, Old Institutions especially temples fall into disuse. It is desirable to prevent this result as far as possible Old Religious Institutions fall into decay, but new ones come into existence. As fresh grants are not now generally made, the Inam grants, cash or land, of defunct Muzrai Institutions may not be resumed, but may be made available for New Institutions or for Old Institutions the resources of which are insufficient to meet their requirements.

4. Cash or Land Inams, or both, allowed to some Institutions are found to be inadequate for their maintenance and representations are being made for increasing their grants. Charitably disposed persons build New Religious Institutions and apply for Government grants for their maintenance. It is desirable to lay down some general rules according to which such applications might be dealt with.

5. In view of these considerations Government are pleased to issue the following instructions for regulating the disposal of resumed grants:—

(1) Cash and Land Inams of defunct Muzrai Institutions may be granted to Old or New Institutions which are considered deserving of Government help and all such grants required the sanction of Government. Resumed grants, land or cash, will not ordinarily be allowed to Matts.

(2) After resumption and until regranted to other institutions, the cash grants of defunct Muzrai Institutions and also the annual income from their land Inams will be credited to the General Muzrai Fund under a separate head to be opened for the purpose. The Muzrai Commissioner is requested to issue instructions in consultation with the Comptroller for the maintenance in every Taluk of a proper register for showing full particulars of resumed grants, the annual demand on account of them, the realisation of the demand as it falls due and the credit of the amount to the Treasury and its verification with the account of the General Muzrai Fund. When a cash or land Inam brought on this Register is granted to another institution it will be struck off the Register under proper authority.

(3) The resumed cash or land Inams may be granted to Institutions which belong to the same religion as the Old Institutions from which they were resumed and which are in the same District preference, however, being given where possible to Institutions in the same Taluk; and

(4) Inam grants under these rules may be allowed only to Institutions which are meant for the use of the public and which are supported by endowments made by private or public subscriptions.

6. The details of the scheme sanctioned in this order will be reviewed after a period of five years with a view to see if they require any modification.

B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Financial Department.